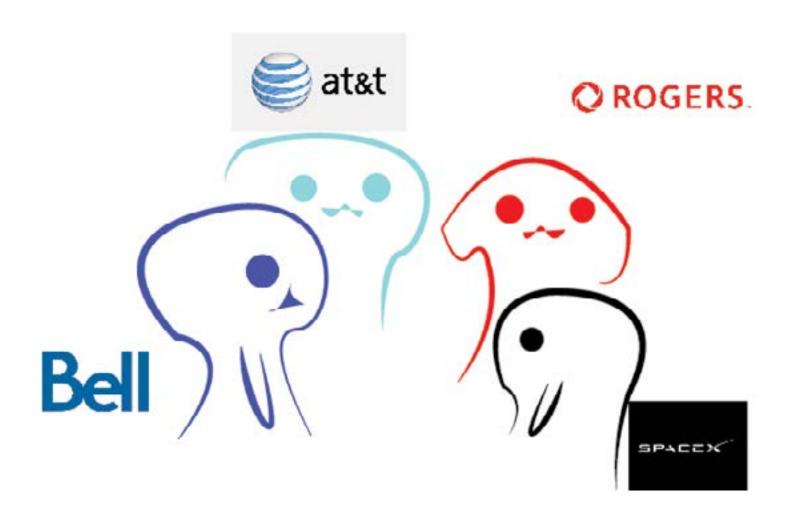


SpaceX

SpaceX is on a collision course with the world's biggest telecom and satellite manufacturing companies, as it steps up development of its "Starlink" network of satellites. Starlink will offer broadband speeds comparable to fiber optic networks, according to FCC documents, by essentially creating a blanket connection across the electromagnetic spectrum.

Back in 2016, the Federal Communications Commission(FCC)approvedthelaunchesof4,425SpaceX internet satellites. The company then jacked that number up to almost 12,000 – six times the number of active satellites currently orbiting Earth. According to data from the Union of Concerned Scientists Satellite Database, there are 1,738 active satellites in orbit right now. Even if you add the 2,600-some inactive satellites, that would still make SpaceX's presence three times that of all other spacecraft in orbit.

Suddenly, SpaceX joins the conversion...



The world is big, let'g go explore!

You may click on any of the continents on the world map to find out what's current Internet situation there! Have Fun!

South America:

Internet penetration in South America: 71.5%

Internet penetration in Brazil: 70.7%

Monthly Cost of Broadband Internet in Brazil: 34.2 USD

Internet penetration in Peru: 67.6%

Monthly Cost of Broadband Internet in Peru: 45.4 USD

Internet penetration in Argentina: 93.1%

Monthly Cost of Broadband Internet in Argentina: 31.6 USD

North America:

Internet penetration in North America: 88.1%
Internet penetration in Canada: 90.1%
Monthly Cost of Broadband Internet in Canada: 54.7 USD
Internet penetration in United States: 87.9

Monthly Cost of Broadband Internet in United States: 66.2 USD

Europe:

Internet penetration in Europe: 80.2% Internet Penetration in Denmark: 96.9%

Monthly Cost of Broadband Internet in Denmark: 36.48 USD

Internet Penetration in France: 86.8%

Monthly Cost of Broadband Internet in France: 33.32 USD

Internet Penetration in Bulgaria: 59.8%

Monthly Cost of Broadband Internet in Bulgaria: 11.7 USD

Asia:

Internet penetration in Asia: 48.1%

Internet penetration in China: 54.6%

Monthly Cost of Broadband Internet in China: 32.4 USD

Internet penetration in Japan: 93.3%

Monthly Cost of Broadband Internet in Japan: 50.5 USD

Internet penetration in South Korea: 92.6%

Monthly Cost of Broadband Internet in South Korea: 29.6 USD

Internet penetration in India: 34.1%

Monthly Cost of Broadband Internet in India: 37.6 USD

Oceania:

Internet penetration in Oceania: 68.1%

Internet Penetration in Australia: 88.2%

Monthly Cost of Broadband Internet in Australia: 60.4 USD

Internet Penetration in New zealand: 88.7%

Monthly Cost of Broadband Internet in New Zealand: 65.4 USD

Africa:

Internet penetration in Africa: 35.2%

Internet Penetration in Morocco: 62.4%

Cost of Broadband Internet in Morocco: 39.3 USD

Internet Penetration in South Africa: 53.7%

Cost of Broadband Internet in South Africa: 59.3 USD

Internet Penetration in Burkina Faso: 18.8%

Cost of Broadband Internet in Burkina Faso: 923.9 USD

Internet Penetration in Niger: 4.3%

Cost of Broadband Internet in Niger: 115.2 USD

Thinking about an adventure goes to the universe? Come and sign up the form here. Just click the button and ride the SpaceX's rocket (Elon Musk's Falcon 9) whenever you are ready to go!

Pad Abort Test Form

Name:

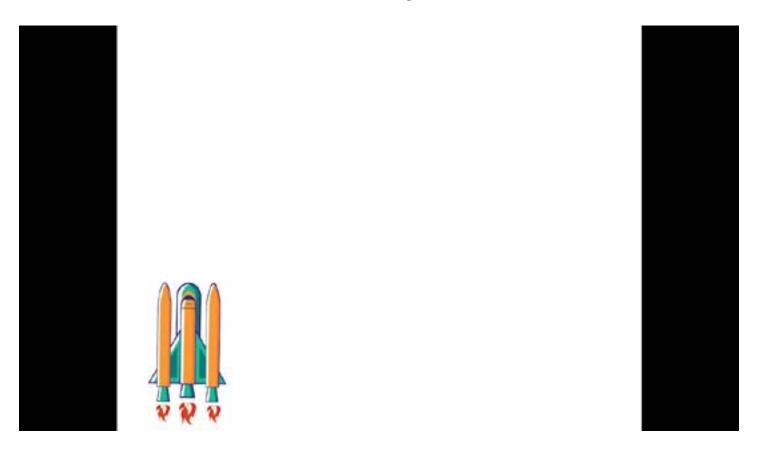
Age:

Gender:

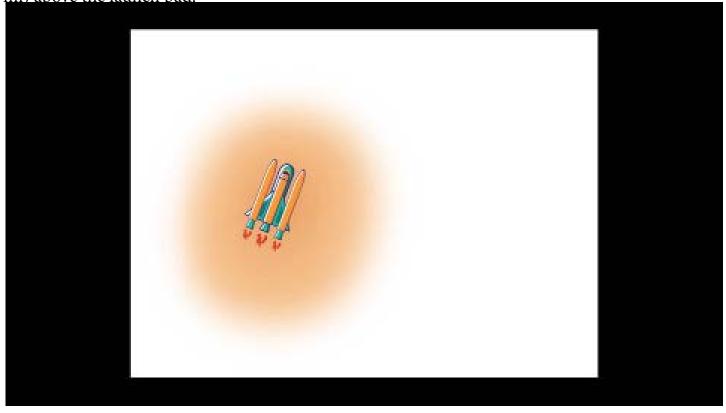
Marriage:

Want to go to the universe:

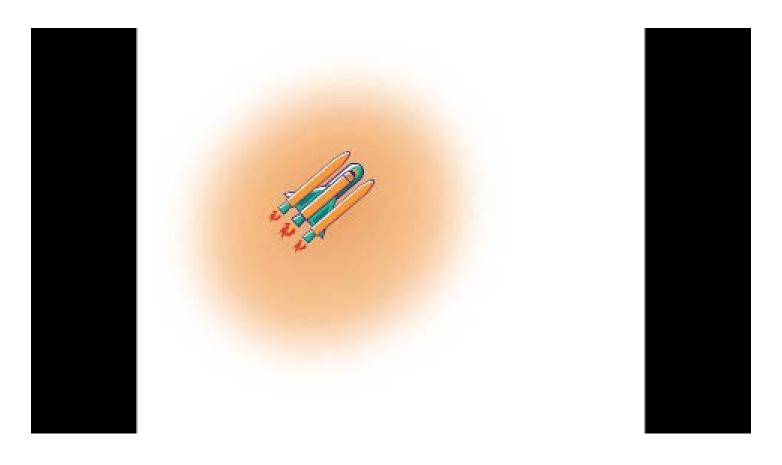
T-0: The eight SuperDracos ignite simultaneously and reach maximum thrust, propelling the spacecraft off the pad.



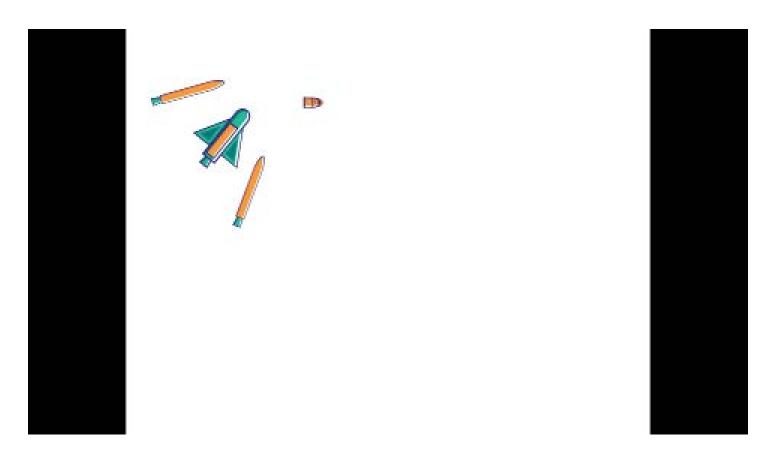
T+5s: After half a second of vertical flight, Crew Dragon pitches toward the ocean and continues its controlled burn. The SuperDraco engines throttle to control the trajectory based on real-time measurements from the vehicle's sensors. The abort burn is terminated once all propellant is consumed and Dragon coasts for just over 15 seconds to its highest point about 1500 meters (.93 mi) above the launch pad.



T+21s: The trunk is jettisoned and the spacecraft begins a slow rotation with its heat shield pointed toward the ground again.



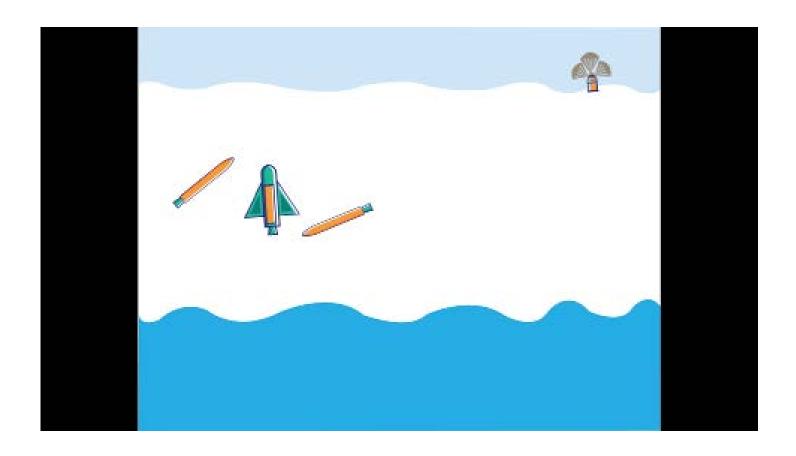
T+25s: Small parachutes, called drogues, are deployed first during a 4-6 second window following trunk separation.



T+35s: Once the drogue parachutes stabilize the vehicle, three main parachutes deploy and further slow the spacecraft before splashdown.



T+107s: Dragon splashes down in the Atlantic Ocean about 2200 meters (1.4 mi) downrange of the launch pad.



Welcome come back to the Earth!